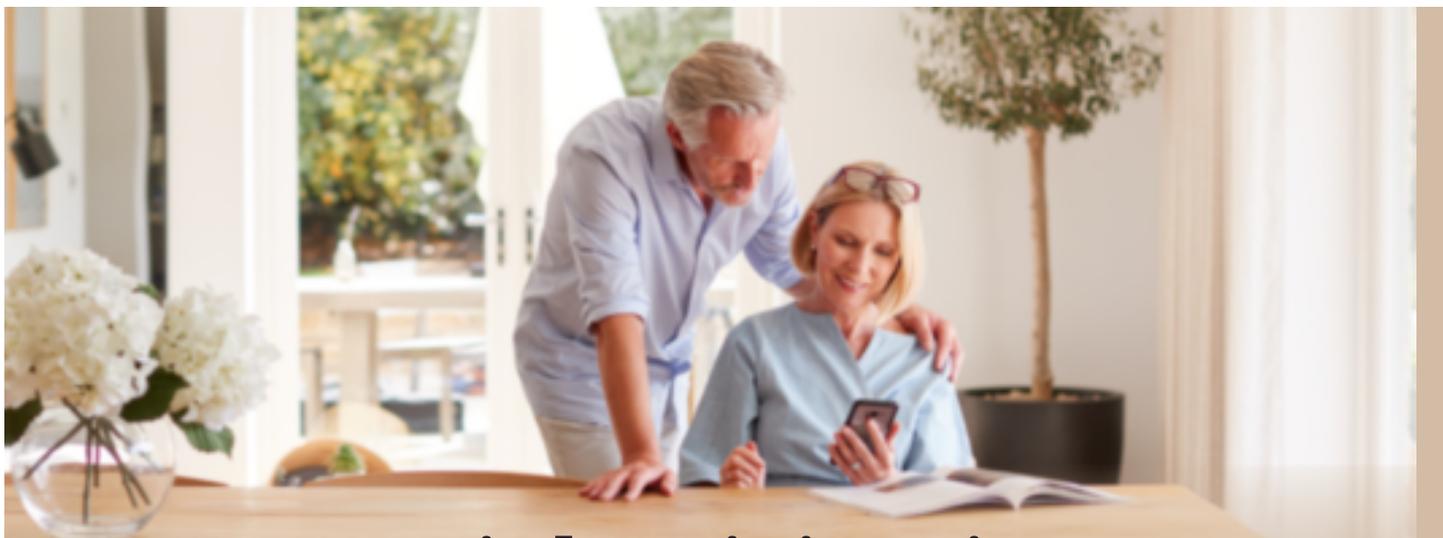


VIEWPOINT

MAPLE LEAF FINANCIAL SERVICES LTD

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How might rising interest rates affect your mortgage?

The Bank of England has raised interest rates which means bigger mortgage bills for some homeowners.

At the start of February 2022, the Bank of England raised interest rates for the second time in three months from 0.25% to 0.50% to combat soaring inflation. This move will have a knock-on effect as mortgage lenders raise interest rates in response, which will increase monthly payments for some borrowers.

What does a rise in interest rates mean for your mortgage?

Anyone without a fixed-rate mortgage is likely to see their borrowing costs rise, although how they are affected will depend on the type of product they have. Your adviser can help you assess your mortgage deal and figure out ways to make some much needed savings.

- Only borrowers with a mortgage that moves up or down with the base rate will be affected by the interest rate change.
- This includes tracker mortgages and standard variable rate mortgages (which you revert to when a mortgage deal ends).

Fixed-rate mortgages

Most mortgage holders are on fixed-rate deals so won't see any change in their monthly payments. This is because the interest rate you pay stays the same for the length of the mortgage deal.

Standard variable rate mortgages

You will usually be moved on to a standard variable rate when your existing tracker or fixed rate mortgage deal ends. For example, if you take out a two-year fixed deal and you don't remortgage, you will be moved to the lender's standard variable rate. The rate is likely to be considerably higher than what you were paying before, so your monthly payments will increase, and lenders can raise the standard variable rate whenever they want.

Tracker mortgages

Homeowners with a tracker mortgage will find that their interest rate payments will now go up, but when this happens will depend on their lender. Tracker mortgages are a type of variable rate mortgage that follow the Bank of England's interest rate. So, when official interest rates go up, the rate on your tracker will rise as well.

As a rule, they do not exactly match the base rate, but are set a level just above it. For example, if the lender's rate is the base rate +1%, the interest you'd pay in total on your loan would be 1.5%.

Whatever type of mortgage you have, we can advise you about how the interest rate rise might affect you and address any questions or concerns you have.

How to save on your mortgage costs

The best thing you can do is to speak to your financial adviser. For example, if you're on a tracker mortgage, they will be able to advise whether changing to a fixed-term deal to protect yourself from any further rises is a good idea. They will also let you know about the fees involved when making changes to your mortgage. If you are on a standard variable rate you can switch at any time, so with interest rates rising, your adviser can help you look at available fixed-rate deals.

Homeowners on fixed deals don't have to worry about their mortgage going up until their current term ends. Most lenders will let you lock into a new deal six months before the current one ends so it's a good idea to plan.

Whether you're looking to remortgage or are a first-time buyer, we can help you find the most suitable deal for your circumstances and help keep your costs down.

**YOUR HOME MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS
ON A MORTGAGE OR ANY OTHER DEBT SECURED ON IT**



Feel more secure with income protection

When it comes to insurance, we're more likely to protect our pets than our income. Here's why it's important to have some income protection in place.

What is income protection?

Income protection pays out a percentage of your monthly income if you are unable to work due to illness, an accident or disability. It gives you a buffer between finding yourself without an income, paying the bills and protecting your family's security. Building an emergency fund (which covers around three months' worth of bills and essentials) is a good start to give you some financial back-up, but income protection insurance can also provide peace of mind.

How does income protection work?

Income protection is an insurance policy, so you pay a monthly or annual premium for it like any other type of insurance. If you can't work because of sickness, disability or other reasons (depending on your policy criteria), you will receive a regular income until you either return to paid work, retire, pass away or the policy term comes to an end. We can help you determine how much coverage you'll need.

How much does income protection pay?

It could be anything from 60% to 65% of your pre-tax income, and the regular payments (which are tax free) will start after a pre-agreed waiting period, which could be weeks or months. You'll pay more in premiums if the waiting period is shorter and the percentage of your income is larger. This type of protection is different to life insurance or critical illness cover, both of which do not pay regular amounts but instead provide one-off lump sums in the event of your death or the diagnosis of a critical illness.

Do you need income protection?

With the rise in the cost of living and cost of borrowing right now, many people are worried about paying the bills should anything happen that leaves them unable to work. Recent surveys have shown that the average UK family doesn't have enough in savings to be financially secure for long if they're no longer receiving an income.

That's where income protection can give you some financial resilience, especially if your workplace does not provide statutory sick pay (or only starts to pay out after a period of several months). Your adviser can help you navigate the income protection policies that could best suit you and your needs, weighing up how much your premiums might be with the amount of cover you're after.

As with any insurance policy to do with your life and health, things like your age, health, occupation and other factors (like how much of your income you would like to receive, and how soon you would like payments to start) will be considered when your premium is calculated.

We can guide you through what type of policy works best for you, helping you find value for money as well as some peace of mind knowing your income is protected.

Your adviser is best placed to help you find an income protection policy to suit your needs and provide some security for you and your family.

Peace of mind for the self-employed

Sarah is self-employed and she approached her financial adviser for some advice. As a single mum, she worried that her emergency savings fund wouldn't be enough to cover the rent or bills if she found herself unable to work. Sarah's financial adviser found her an income protection plan with an affordable monthly premium that covers 65% of her earnings.

Be wary of the crypto-craze

You might be thinking about whether to invest in crypto currencies. We explain why it may not be the right choice, and how to better approach your portfolio.



This year has been eventful for bitcoin, with the cryptocurrency reaching a record high and then almost halving in value all in the space of six weeks. The walk-back in May from Tesla's Elon Musk in his support of bitcoin underlined concerns around the idea of cryptocurrencies as a stable investment. Musk – previously an outspoken supporter – announced his company would not be accepting bitcoin as payment for its vehicles. What followed was a series of plunges in its value – not helped by the additional news of Chinese regulators signalling a crackdown on the use of digital currencies.

Bitcoin in brief

Bitcoin is a type of digital, decentralised currency, allowing the transfer of goods and services without the need for a trusted third party. The network is based on people around the world called 'miners' using computers to solve complex mathematical problems in order to verify a transaction and add it to the 'blockchain' – a massive and transparent ledger of each and every bitcoin transaction maintained by the miners. The first to verify is rewarded with bitcoin. There is a finite amount of bitcoin that can be produced and, as more are created, the mathematical computations required to create more become increasingly difficult.

Cryptocurrencies can be volatile

Bitcoin's high volatility (risk) makes it a poor substitute for money in a broad sense. The unsteady air around cryptocurrencies in May showed the speculative nature of this asset class. Bitcoin and cryptocurrencies in general have more in common with commodities and currencies – they are much harder to value than cashflow-producing equities and bonds.



Reasons to be crypto cautious

- Cryptocurrencies are a volatile choice and susceptible to stock market bubbles, which can affect investments negatively during a downturn.
- They're not a tangible form of investment, and are not regulated, which can be a red flag when it comes to your investments.
- Volatility means investors are likely to act on doubts and sell if they fear a fall in return.

Where to invest?

A sensible approach is to invest in high-quality companies that are well-established businesses. These are usually businesses with strong management teams, serviceable levels of debt and predictable cash flows. To avoid being hit by market volatility make sure your portfolio is invested in a wide range of assets, and less vulnerable to market shocks.

Staying invested when there is a downturn can help you get through any turbulent times and put you in a good position to benefit from any ensuing recovery.

Our financial advisers can help advise you on your investment choices.

The value of investments and any income from them can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount invested.

Get the best out of your BTL mortgage

Many fixed mortgage deals will be approaching the end of their term this October, so it's a good idea to review your buy-to-let mortgage.

With interest rates still at low levels and demand for rental properties increasing around the country, investing in a buy-to-let (BTL) is a popular choice for many.

Buy to let basics

A BTL mortgage is a specific type of product for those who want to buy a property with the intention of renting it. Because of this, there are different terms and rules around a BTL mortgage (compared to a regular mortgage for a property the buyer intends to live in.)

- With a BTL mortgage, the anticipated rental income is taken into account when the lender calculates how much you can borrow.
- A BTL mortgage could suit investors with enough equity to put down a deposit of at least 20% of the value of the property (but some lenders could require up to 40%).
- Your credit record is closely scrutinised with a BTL mortgage, as with a regular mortgage application.

Interest rates for BTL mortgages are usually higher than a regular mortgage.

Things to remember

If you have a BTL mortgage already and its fixed interest rate term is coming to an end, you may be thinking about switching products or providers to gain a better deal. Here are some other things to look out for:

- Examine all of your options into the type of product to suit your investment going forward. A financial adviser is best placed to help you with this.
- Don't forget to research any fees and charges around changing your product too, as these could be higher than you expect.
- When changing products, you may be asked about your property's rental income history in order to assure any new lenders that you are able to keep up with mortgage payments.
- Show that you have sufficient savings to cover any gaps in rental periods when your property could be unoccupied.
- For your own peace of mind, having a cushion of savings available to cover any essential repairs is important.

If you are looking to remortgage your BTL property or are thinking about transferring your mortgage to a different provider, our advisers can help you find a product that best suits you.

Some buy to let mortgages are/is not regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.



YOUR PROPERTY MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE

Specialist mortgages and your holiday let

If you're in the market for a holiday let and need a specialist mortgage, what should you be aware of?

When might you need a specialist mortgage? The clue is in the name – if your situation is different from the normal criteria of a traditional mortgage, then a specialist product could be the answer. This especially applies to people in the market for a holiday let.

When do you need a specialist mortgage?

A specialist mortgage could apply if you're buying a high value home or already have a home and want a second charge mortgage in order to carry out renovations. They could also suit those who are self-employed, looking for a holiday or buy-to-let (BTL) property or people who do not meet the standard criteria for a mortgage. Whatever the reason, seek financial advice from an expert in the specialist mortgage field to find the best deal for your situation.

Holiday lets

When it comes to a mortgage for a property you intend to use as a holiday let, your regular income is considered in terms of the loan value, regardless of the amount you estimate might come in from the eventual rental. This is to ensure you can afford the mortgage payments during times when rents are not coming in, or when you are using the property. Although staying there yourself is one of the advantages of a holiday let, you can't live there on a permanent basis as it would affect the terms of the mortgage.

Some specialist mortgage products for holiday lets offer a maximum loan-to-value (LTV) of a certain amount for the mortgage. So, if your holiday let costs £200,000, and the LTV from the specialist product is 70%, then you will be able to get a loan of £140,000 from your lender and your deposit would need to be £60,000.

Lenders have their own criteria, which could include the following:

- Applicants need to be over the age of 21 and in stable employment.
- Your main income should not come from another rental or investment.
- Borrowers will need to prove their income exceeds a certain amount annually.
- A minimum deposit (usually around 25% of the property value).
- Rental projection from a holiday letting agent may be required, covering off-peak seasonal periods and high-demand times of year.
- The rental property itself must meet certain criteria (for example, being located within the UK and functioning as a single-family dwelling).

Holiday let vs buy-to-let

You might think that there is little difference between a holiday let mortgage and a buy-to-let mortgage (BTL), but there are a few. A BTL mortgage will contain different conditions and requirements, such as the need for an assured shorthold tenancy being in place (AST).

Using a BTL property as a holiday letting – without informing your lender – is a breach of the agreement and could undermine your mortgage contract and credit rating. The main difference between the two types of mortgages is how the loan size is calculated, and the estimates of rent the properties will receive. A holiday let will tend to bring in less rental income due to its seasonal nature.

Furnished holiday lets come with tax advantages that BTL properties do not.¹ They are treated as a business, which means you can claim capital gains tax relief on any profits. Owners can also claim capital allowances to cover the cost of furnishings and furniture, and equipment such as refrigerators and washing machines.

There are more allowable expenses for a holiday let, compared to a BTL, including:

- ✓ letting agents' fees
- ✓ accountants' fees and certain legal fees
- ✓ mortgage interest
- ✓ building and contents insurance
- ✓ maintenance and repairs to the property
- ✓ utility bills, council tax, ground rents and service charges.

Speak to a financial adviser to work out what's best for your situation if you are looking for a specialist mortgage.

Some specialist mortgages are not regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

YOUR PROPERTY MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE

How to protect your business

What is business protection insurance and how does it work? Find out why it could be right for your business.

If you own or run a small business, protecting it is always a priority, especially if something were to happen to a key member, which could affect the financial health of the company. In this situation, business protection insurance could provide some peace of mind.

What is business protection?

Business protection provides coverage in the event that a director, business partner or other key employee of your business suffers a critical illness or long-term disability, or passes away. It's a way of protecting the business and ensuring continuity. Business protection can help support forward planning in terms of succession and gives you ways to provide stability during what could be an uncertain time, especially if the company is small.

What are the types of business protection?

Business protection insurance usually offers cover in three ways:

Key person protection

This protection provides cover to replace key staff and cover income lost by their absence that could affect the business. It can cover any key employee from a head of department to the CEO.

Business loan protection

This protects the business by helping to repay business debts like a loan or bank overdraft if the owner or a key member (like a partner) dies or suffers a critical illness.

Shareholder protection

This cover is also known as 'ownership' or 'partnership' protection. It specifically covers the business owners if a shareholder dies, or suffers a critical illness, by ensuring that funds will be available to buy shares from the deceased shareholder's estate.

These three forms of business protection also come with the option to add critical illness cover if you think it necessary. You could also get coverage for more than one person within the business. It's always important to speak to an adviser who

can help you figure out the the right type of business protection for your business and any extra coverage (like critical illness) your business and employees could benefit from.

What are cross-option agreements?*

Cross-option agreements are usually required with shareholder protection insurance. The agreement is set up with the directors or partners of the business, and means that if one of these members dies, the remaining directors or partners have the option to *buy back* the shares from the deceased shareholder's estate. It also gives representatives of the deceased's estate the option to *sell* the shares to the remaining shareholders (which could be the preferred option for both sides).

**Before setting an agreement up legal advice should be sought.*

What are the benefits of business protection?

One of the benefits of business protection is the knowledge that should anything happen to a crucial member of the business – or someone with a financial commitment within the company – there would be some protection financially. It also gives other members of the business some peace of mind knowing this. Business protection can protect any loans or mortgages tied to your business, too, meaning lenders (knowing that you have *business loan protection* in place) are less likely to refuse a future loan, and will not approach the guarantor of a loan or their estate to recoup any existing loans.

In a small business that relies on a few key employees, the risk to the business from a financial point of view might increase if one of the team were unable to contribute because they die or are critically ill. In that situation, business protection is a wise plan to have in place.

An adviser can help you find out which type of business protection plan works for you and your company.



What are value-added services?

Value-added services are benefits included in an insurance policy that you might not be aware of – but could help improve your overall health and wellbeing.

When you take out an insurance plan like life insurance, critical illness or income protection, you get the financial protection in the form of a payout, but there are also other services available to you as complementary parts of those plans.

These 'value-added services' or 'wellbeing services' are designed to provide customers with a range of emotional and practical support services throughout the life of the plan, not just when you may need to claim. Most services are included within the price of the plan and can often be accessed by family members too.

It's a good idea to check your policy first (and contact your provider to see if any of their services carry a charge) but you may find some of the following complementary value-added services are part of your policy:

These are just some of the extra-value services that your insurance plan could offer, covering a wide range of needs.

If you're unsure about how to find out more information from your policy, our advisers are here to look at the small print and help you make the most of any value-added benefits available to you.



Annual health check

A range of tests to check various health markers such as cholesterol and blood sugar levels. This may be followed by a consultation with a nurse or GP to discuss the results, depending on how your policy works.



Bereavement counselling

Giving you access to emotional and practical support at a difficult time, if you have been affected by bereavement.



Mental health support.

Being mindful of mental health is more important than ever. These value-added services help those facing mental health challenges, with counselling through various health providers.



GP services

Ability to see or speak to a medical professional from your home or faceto-face, without facing long waiting times, and at a time that suits you.



Second medical opinions

Second medical opinion services give you the chance to check with a second medical professional about the course of treatment or a diagnosis you've received.



Nutritional support

Gives you access to a nutritionist to help improve your diet, which could boost your overall health.



Fitness services

These services give you access to fitness services to enhance your overall health and wellbeing.